



## Assignment 1

### CSI2120 Programming Paradigms

#### Winter 2016

Due on February 2<sup>nd</sup>, 2016 before 11:00 pm in Virtual Campus

**[5 marks in total]**

**Question 1.** [1 mark]

Consider the following Prolog program:

```
p1 (X, Y) :- p3 (X) , p2 (Y, X) .  
p2 (X, Y) :- p3 (X) , p4 (Y) , X \= Y .  
p3 (a) .  
p3 (b) .  
p3 (c) .  
p3 (d) .  
p4 (c) .  
p4 (a) .  
p4 (b) .
```

a) Draw the complete search tree for the following query:

`?- p1 (X, Y) .`

and mark the found solutions clearly.

b) Use a single cut in the program such that only one solution for each  $X$  is found. For example, if  $X = a$ ,  $Y = b$  is found, the solution  $X = a$ ,  $Y = c$  should be excluded.

**Question 2.** [2 marks]

Develop rules for finding numbers which cubic is below a certain number.

- a) Create the rule `cubeLess (X, B, R)` which calculates the power of 3 and the remainder such that  $b = x^3 + r$ . Therefore, for a query `cubeLess (2, 10, R)`, the result should be  $R=2$ . Note, that you will not be able to call the rule without  $X$  and  $B$  instantiated.

- b) Use the rule `cubeLess` from a) to find all numbers with a cube smaller than a given limit by creating a new rule `smallerCube(X,B)`. Print your results to the console with `write/1` and `writeln/1`. Example:

```
?- smallerCube(X,130).
```

```
1 rest 129
```

```
2 rest 122
```

```
3 rest 103
```

```
4 rest 66
```

```
5 rest 5
```

Because  $1^3 = 1 + 129 = 130$ ,  $2^3 = 8 + 122 = 130$  and so on.

- c) Create another (and separate) rule `restSum(B, S)` to add up all the remainders from finding all cubes up to an upper limit.

```
?- restSum(130, S).
```

```
S = 425.
```

- d) Write another rule to print all the rest sums that are multiples of 3 within a range. For example, in the range from 1 to 20:

```
?- showAllRestSum(1,20).
```

```
1 rest 0
```

```
4 rest 3
```

```
7 rest 6
```

```
9 rest 9
```

```
12 rest 15
```

```
15 rest 21
```

```
18 rest 27
```

```
true.
```

**Question 3.** [2 marks]

You will find the inventory of an outfitter on the following page.

- a) Create a Prolog database representing the items that the outfitter sells.
- b) Paul is going camping for the first time and needs to buy a tent, sleeping bag and pad as well as back pack. Write a query for Paul who likes a sleeping bag good down to at least 0 deg. Celcius, and a sleeping pad of 5cm or more. Make sure to also calculate the total price of the package.
- c) The travel company Cheap Thrills is offering a trip for 4. Mary, Sean, Paula and Thomas are signed up. Create a predicate for Cheap Thrills to find equipment for their four customers. Mary does not want to share a tent with Sean. Paula and Thomas would like to share a sleeping bag but still need a sleeping pad. They want it all to fit in two back packs and the customers are allowed to bring personal belongings of 7 kg each.

```
?- tripFor4(7,mary(MB,MP),sean(SB,SP),
            paula(PTB,PP),thomas(PTB,TP), tents( T1, T2),
            backpacks(B1,B2) ) .
```

- d) The outfitter also sells two package deal: *Basic for 2* at \$ 600 and *Extra* for one person at \$650. *Basic for 2* consists of the *Dreamer* tent, the *Cabin* sleeping bag, two sleeping pads *Pfft* and one *Trapper* back pack. *Extra* consists of a *Hermite* tent, a *Mountain* sleeping bag, a *Rock* sleeping pad and a *Air* backpack.

Jill and Kyle are buying equipment for their camping trip. They will each bring 5 kg of personal belongings. They like the *Dreamer* tent for sure, want to use only one back pack and they can spent up to \$750 in total. Write the rule `equipment2`, that will produce all solutions for them:

```
?- equipment2(5,jill(JB,JP),kyle(KB,KP),tents(dreamer),
            backpacks(BP),750) .
```

- e) Cheap Thrills wants to offer a comfort trip for which their guide carries the tents and a *Heaven* sleeping pad for all customers. The predicate needs to return true if the number of people *N* can be served with one guide (i.e., the guide must carry in her/his backpack all tents and sleeping pads). Take into account that the guide also has to carry his/her personal belongings of 5 kg, a sleeping bag and a pad.

```
?- comfort(5,guide(GB,GP),backpacks(GBP),N) .
```

### Tents

Dreamer, sleeps 2, 4.5 kg, \$ 199.

Hermite, sleeps 1, 2 kg \$ 159.

Family, sleeps 5, 5 kg, \$349.

Expedition, sleeps 8, 8.5 kg, \$ 699.

### Sleeping bags

Mountain, -15C, mummy, 1.5 kg, \$ 350.

Cabin, 5C, double-bag (2 person), 5kg, \$250.

Square, -3C, rectangular, 2.5kg, \$150.

### Sleeping pads

Rock, 2cm, 0.2kg, \$100.

Pfft, 3cm, 0.8kg, \$10.

Heaven, 10cm, 0.4kg, \$ 80.

Moon, 5cm, 0.4kg, \$50.

### Backpacks

Trapper, 20 kg, \$ 250.

Prospector, 25kg, \$ 220.

Air, 10kg, \$ 150.

Comfort, 15kg, \$ 200.